





● S.M	SURVEY MARKER
▲ N.S.C.M	NOVA SCOTIA CO-ORDINATE MONUMENT
● I.B., R.P	IRON BAR, ROCK POST
O I.P., DH	IRON PIPE, DRILLHOLE
Fd	FOUND
<u> </u>	CENTRELINE
(T/L)	TIE LINE
Wit	WITNESS
Bk., Pg	BOOK, PAGE
P.R	PLAN REFERENCE
O.H.W.M	ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARK
(D),(P),(M),(C)	DEED, PLAN, MEASURED, CALCULATED
R., A., Ch	RADIUS, ARC, CHORD
P.C	POINT OF CURVATURE
P.C.C., P.R.C	POINT OF COMPOUND/REVERSE CURVATURE
PID	PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
LR0	LAND REGISTRATION OFFICE
U.P	UTILITY POLE
n.t.s	NOT TO SCALE
С.Р.	CALCULATED POINT
NSHPN	NOVA SCOTIA HIGH PRECISION NETWORK

LANDS DEALT WITH BY THIS SURVEY

<u>NOTES</u>

 THIS SURVEY WAS EXECUTED DURING THE PERIOD OF MARCH 17TH TO 31ST, 2021

Spatial Reference System Information Horizontal Datum: NAD83(CSRS) 2010.0 v.6.0.0 Projection: 3°MTM — Zone 5 — CM 64°30' West Longitude

CO-C	RDINATE VALUES ((grid)
CONTROL	NORTHING	EASTING
NSHPN 208017	16,386,974.875	83,697,033.625
NAD	33 (CSRS) 2010 (IMPE	RIAL)

BEARINGS ARE GRID AND ARE REFERRED TO THE CENTRAL MERIDIAN OF THE 3'MTM GRID, ZONE 5 (64'30' WEST LONGITUDE) – NAD83(CSRS) 2010.0 v6.0.0 THIS SURVEY IS TIED TO THE NOVA SCOTIA COORDINATE REFERENCE SYSTEM WITH SMARTNET GPS OBSERVATIONS ON THE FOLLOWING

SYSTEM WITH SMARTNET GPS OBSERVATIONS ON THE FOLLOWING STATIONS: – NSACS-CAMBRIDGE (250001 – Federal Number: NS50001) – NSHPN 208017 PUBLISHED VALUES JANUARY 6TH, 2017 DISTANCES ARE HORIZONTAL AT GENERAL GROUND LEVEL AND ARE

EXPRESSED IN FEET. • TO COMPUTE GRID COORDINATES REDUCE THE GROUND DISTANCES TO THE GRID BY MULTIPLYING A COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999890.

PID 55271787 PARCEL HRL-1 CHRISTINE E. KROKER LRO DOC #96648549

SEE PLAN 89–3590 BY VALLEY SURVEYS FRANK LONGSTAFF, NSLS(279) DATED OCTOBER 12TH, 1989

SEE PLAN 77–304–1BY VALLEY SURVEYS BRUCE HAVILL, NSLS(214) DATED MAY 19TH, 1977

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY LAND OF 3296078 NOVA SCOTIA LIMITED CIVIC 219 PLEASANT STREET KINGS COUNTY WOLFVILLE NOVA SCOTIA SCALE 1"=20' NOVA PLAN NO. 21-039 FOUNDED DATE: APRIL 1ST, 2021 SURVEYED BY: MPM MICHAEL McKENNA 575 DRAWN BY: MPM MEMBER

ANNAPOLIS VALLEY SURVEYS LIMITED

54 CORNWALLIS STREET KENTVILLE NOVA SCOTIA PHONE 902-698-1225 E-MAIL: mckenna@avsurveys.ca





+

PLEASANT STREET DEVELOPMENT

209 PLEASANT STREET, WOLFVILLE NOVA SCOTIA





Insight Design Co 134 Gerrish Street Windsor, Nova Scotia p (902) 790 7777 e insightdesigninfo@gmail.com



ARCHITECTURAL DRAWING LIST A1 ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN A2 PLAN A3 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS



LOFT BONUS 405 SQFT

18'-6"



1/4 14'-4

<u></u>

PATIO 56 SQFT

6'-0"

+

LOFT BONUS 350 SQFT

12'-9"

LOFT BONUS 405 SQFT

18'-6"





CONCEPTUAL RENDERING

PHASE:	
Site Plan A	Application
Application	0429202
NOTES: COPYRIGHT RELATED TO THE USE DRAWING. The use of this drawing shall be gover copyright law	E OF THIS med by standard
DESIGNERS REQUIREMENTS AND It is the Builders's responsibility to noti and to seek prior written approval for r workmanship which deviates from inst the Designer	APPROVALS: fy Insight Design Co. naterials and ructions provided by
ENGINEERS REQUIREMENTS AND It is the Builder's responsibility to notify and to seek prior written approval for r workmanship which deviates from inst the Engineer	APPROVALS: / Insight Design Co. naterials and ructions provided by
AUTHORITIES REQUIREMENTS AN All materials and workmanship must or requirements of all authorities having j work It is the Builder's responsibility th approval from all relevant Authorities	D APPROVALS: omply with the urisdication over the o gain necessary
DIMENSIONS: All dimensions must be verified on site drawings. Plans take precedent over r absence of dimensions or if discrepan Designer All minimumm dimensions a National Building Code of Canada	 Do not scale off levations In the cies exist consult ire to comply with the
SHOP DRAWINGS: Submit shop drawings to the Designer approval prior to manufacture of prefa the building	and Engineer for bricated elements of
	-



scale: AS NOTED 02102021 date:

drawn: chk'd:





LOFT BONUS 350 SQFT

12'-9"

(B) (A3)

EKD CM







2'-6" 26'-0" LOFT LEVEL 10'-2" MAIN LEVEL 🔶 0'-0" 🔶 T/O FOOTING -4'-0"



INSIGHT



ENGINEERS REQUIREMENTS AND APPROVALS: It is the Builder's responsibility to notify Insight Design Co. and to seek prior written approval for materials and workmanship which deviates from instructions provided by the Engineer

AUTHORITIES REQUIREMENTS AND APPROVALS: All materials and workmanship must comply with the requirements of all authorities having jurisdication over the work It is the Builder's responsibility to gain necessary approval from all relevant Authorities

DIMENSIONS: All dimensions must be verified on site Do not scale off drawings. Plans take precedent over elevations in the absence of dimensions or if discrepancies exist consult Designer All minimum dimensions are to comply with the National Building Code of Canada

SHOP DRAWINGS: Submit shop drawings to the Designer and Engineer for approval prior to manufacture of prefabricated elements of the building

SHEET:

drawn:

chk'd:

ENSED ARCA

X

STEPHANIE NOWE-MORI

SCOTTA ASSOCIATION

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

AS NOTED scale: date: 02102021

EKD СМ



Drainage Report for 209 Pleasant Street Wolfville, Nova Scotia



Prepared by:

Prepared for:

3296078 Nova Scotia Limited

3332892 Nova Scotia Limited

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APPENDICES

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Appendix A – Basin Model – Hydrograph Summary --Photos



1.0 INTRODUCTION

The property 209 Pleasant Street is located at the south end of Wolfville, NS. It is bound on the south by private lands, east by private lands, west by private lands and north by Pleasant Street. There is a drainage ditch that flows northerly along the property near the east boundary. The total drainage area is approximately 0.77 acres.

Although the development consists of only one catchment area, we need to examine the whole development in order to get a clear picture of how the rainfall runoff flow patterns change from pre-development to post-development. This information is essential for storm water management and mitigation of development challenges. This information will also allow the allocation of drainage to be directed to the most beneficial outlet from the development.

The primary cover of the property is presently treed (10%), and vegetated area (90%). The land slopes (6%) to Pleasant Street, which is the north boundary. The high point is located in the southwest corner.

Presently, most of the storm water runoff flows overland to the Town of Wolfville storm water collection system, which eventually ends up emptying into the Cornwallis River, 3 kilometres to the north. Given these are normal runoff flow conditions, we have concentrated our drainage evaluation to pre and post development flows during 5, 10, 50 and 100 year storms.

The present property drainage area, is labelled Pre A1. (See Photo #1 - Pre-Development).

The drainage catchment area consists of one (1) sub catchment areas, Pre A1 located at the property (0.77 acres).

3.0 FUTURE CONDITIONS

The future drainage patterns will be very similar to the existing, the topography will change slightly due to development of the land. The storm water postdevelopment will drain into a new underground detention storage, and then exit to the existing Town of Wolfville storm water collection system.

When there is a significant difference between pre and post storm runoff, detention pond storage is usually recommended. They are sized to store storm runoff for such a time as to have a "net zero affect" between pre and post-development storm water runoffs in order to release storm water at a flow rate of not greater than before development. This is achieved by controlling storm water release using small diameter pipes and/or weirs.

4.0 FLOW EVALUATIONS ASSUMPTIONS

Hydrology Studio, a computer modelling program was used to evaluate the Pre and Post development storm water flows and conditions and the development of a storage requirements (Underground and detention pond). The following assumptions were used in our evaluation:

- Method of calculation SCS
- Units of measure imperial
- > Curve Numbers (CN) vary from 60 to 90 and weighted CNs 65 to 73
- Rainfall intensity based on Kentville Research Station IDF curves derived from Environment Canada Data – Short Duration Rainfall Intensity – Duration – Frequency Data
- Net-zero run off

Kentville IDF Curves



Runoff Coefficients

Runoff curves are based on Table 2 of Section 3.11.3 of the Wolfville Storm Management Design Guidelines

	Area (ac)	CN	Weight	ed CN	Comments
Pre-A1	0.07 0.70 0.77	60 65	4.2 45.5 49.7	64.55	treed green surface-vegetation D Soil
Post-B1	0.07 0.43 0.27 0.77	60 65 90	4.2 27.95 24.3 56.45	73.31	treed green surface-vegetation hard surface-building D Soil

Peak Flow Summary

Since the 100 Year storm is the most significant, we have used this storm data to determine the difference between pre and post development storm water runoff.

In area B1 the post development peak flow is 1.691 cfs whereas the pre development peak flow in A-1 is 0.874 cfs, a difference of only 0.817 cfs.

Since this difference is minimal and would not necessitate the construction of a detention pond but rather underground detention storage.

Hydr	Hydrograph by Return Period Project Name: Betty Ann Balcom											
Hydrology Stu	udio v 3.0.0.18					(04-11-2021					
Hyd.	Hydrograph	Hydrograph				Peak Out	flow (cfs)					
No.	Туре	Name	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr		
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre Development				0.289	0.611		0.795	1.178		
2	NRCS Runoff	Post Development				0.661	0.959		1.329	1.669		

Stormwater Storage

The diagrams below are used to determine the size of storage that is required to provide a truly "net zero" effect.

Storage#1- Storage Estimate



Project Name: Betty Ann Balcom



Storage#1- Stage vs Storage

Exceeds estimated required storage of 660 (cuft)

Storage#1- Chamber Layout

Underground Storage - StormTech® MC-3500™ Chamber

3 Chambers, 1 Rows @ 86-in o.c., 2 Endcaps, Total Storage = 734 cuft



Plan Section

Total Storage includes stone encasement, chambers & applicable endcaps. Plan layout for hydraulic design only. Not for construction.

5.0 MITIGATION MEASURES

Given the volume of residual rainfall, the very short time of concentration and the non-linear relationship of rainfall intensity to time, regulating agencies have dictated a "net zero" mitigation response. "Net zero" means the postdevelopment rainfall runoff cannot exceed the pre-development rainfall runoff.

5.1 EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS

Although we feel the proposed development may cause a minor increase in drainage flows, concentration, erosion, and sedimentation, this impact can be eradicated by proper mitigation techniques; therefore, we are recommending that the following course of action be taken:

- Ensure that all construction is in accordance with the terms and procedures in the NSDOE Erosion and Sedimentation Control Handbook. All silt and sedimentation must be contained on-site during development and construction.
- 2) Any new open ditches or channels shall be rock lined, complete with the appropriate number of ditch plugs (control dams).
- Siltation fencing shall be placed at the northern and eastern boundaries of the property, checked regularly; the silt removed and disposed of off-site.
- 4) During Construction, all storm sewer grates on the site shall have filter fabric placed between the frame and grate to stop all siltation from entering the any watercourse.
- 5) All slopes steeper than 2:1 from the construction shall be stabilized with 6 inch minus rock.
- 6) The increased runoff concentration from the proposed development should be collected in a new storm water collection system, detained in underground storage facilities and piped to daylight or connected to a municipal storm water collection system.

- 7) Inform the Town of Wolfville and NSDOE immediately whenever any siltation flows from the project to a watercourse.
- 8) All the above measure shall be in place BEFORE construction starts.

6.0 CONCLUSION

Due to topographical changes on the final development, there will be a minor increase in the storm runoff discharge. However, due to the collection system, which has been designed for the development, the post-development storm runoff is directed towards the existing Town storm water collection system on Pleasant Street.

Given the existing pipe layout, the low increase in storm water runoff and the low estimated storage volume, a detention pond is not necessary, however, underground detention storage is recommended.

Both erosion and sedimentation control measures have been accounted for in the management plan to minimize the impact of this development on the existing and future environmental features, on or near the property.

					Dra	209 Pleas ainage Repo	ant Stree ort Sumn	et, Wolfvill nary - 100	le, NS Year Stor	'n	
30-Apr-21	Area Ac	CN	Flow cfs	Difference cfs	Required Storage cu ft	Available Storage cu ft	Unit	in-flow cfs	Stor out-flow cfs	rage pre-flow cfs	Balance cfs
Pre-A1	0.77	65	0.874							0.874	
Post-B5	0.77	73	1.691	0.82	660	734	UG	1.69	0.86	0.87	0.00

7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Although the overall storm flows will marginally increase with this development, the impact can be eradicated by proper mitigation and storage techniques. It is our recommendation the following action is taken:

- 1. The Developer shall ensure that all construction is in accordance with the terms and procedures in the NSDOE Erosion and Sedimentation Control Handbook. Efforts to contain silt and sedimentation on-site during development and construction should be undertaken.
- 2. Any open ditches or channels shall be rock lined, complete with the appropriate number of ditch plugs (control dams). Detailed construction plans will identify the location and quantity of the ditch plugs.
- 3. Detention will be accomplished for this development, with an underground storage facility.

Appendix "A" Basin Model Hydrograph Summary Photos

Basin Model



Hydrograph by Return Period

Project Name:

Hydrology St	udio v 3.0.0.19	,								05-01-2021	
Hyd.	Hydrograph	Hydrograph	Peak Outflow (cfs)								
No.	Туре	Name	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A-1				0.014	0.264		0.307	0.874	
2	NRCS Runoff	Post B-1				0.147	0.731		0.884	1.691	

Project Name:

Project Name: -----

Hydrograph 5-yr Summary

Hydrology St	udio v 3.0.0.19							05-01-2021
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A-1	0.014	3.52	108			
2	NRCS Runoff	Post B-1	0.147	3.15	415			

Hydrograph 10-yr Summary

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.19

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A-1	0.264	3.10	1,004			
2	NRCS Runoff	Post B-1	0.731	3.07	1,845			

Hydrograph 50-yr Summary

v 3.0.0.19 Peak Flow (cfs) Time to Hydrograph Inflow Maximum Maximum Hyd. Hydrograph Hydrograph Elevation (ft) Peak Hyd(s) Storage Volume No. Туре Name (hrs) (cuft) (cuft) NRCS Runoff Pre A-1 0.307 3.13 723 1 ----2 NRCS Runoff Post B-1 0.884 3.08 1,440 ----

Hydrograph 100-yr Summary

Hydrology Stu	udio v 3.0.0.19	,						05-01-2021
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A-1	0.874	3.08	1,857			
2	NRCS Runoff	Post B-1	1.691	3.07	2,998			

Project Name: 05-01-2021

Project Name: 05-01-2021

Project Name:



Photo #1 – Looking to the southwest

April 2021



Photo #2 – Looking to the west



Photo #3 – Looking to the north (Pleasant Street)

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Photo #4 – Looking to the southeast



Photo #5 – Looking to the south



Photo #6 – Existing Catchbasins on south side of Pleasant Street



Google Earth Image 5/19/20